Manage Business Roles in SAP Cloud Identity Access Governance (IAG) to Ease the Maintenance of SAP Cloud and **On-Premise Access across** Systems

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In This Session

Attend this session to see a detailed examination of the "Role Designer" Business Role Management in SAP Cloud Identity Access Governance (IAG). We will take a deep dive into how to set up and maintain Business Roles. This session will cover for which applications Business Roles are required, as well as for which applications setting up Business Roles makes sense. Best Practice when setting up Business Roles manually as well when utilizing the Role Mining capabilities will be covered.

What We'll Cover

- What is a Business Role?
- Functionality and Technical Setup around Business Roles
- Steps and Effort to Implement a Business Role Concept
- Examine the pros and cons of implementing the Business Role
- Wrap-Up



What Is a Business Role?

Technically, a Business Role is a composite role of access across multiple systems connected with IAG. Business roles reside solely in IAG and have no equivalent in any connected system.

Within Privileged Access Management only Business Roles can be assigned to Privileged Users (FireFighters). Even if that requires the set up of one-to-one relationships (one Business Role contains only one role / access from the back-end systems), those Business Roles need to be set up. Access from systems connected to IAG cannot be granted directly to PAM Users.

What Is a Business Role?

Nowadays when users request access, they have to request multiple access with one single system as well as across several systems.

For example, as an Accounts Payables Manager, you will need access in ECC/S/4 systems, BI systems for reporting, and HR/SuccessFactors to manage your team members.

In order to ease requesting access, the access required can be grouped in Business Roles. Instead of requesting access step by step when finding out, you are missing some access, users can request the complete set of access they require to fulfill their role or position within the company.

What Is a Business Role?

Business Roles can be set up to cover:

- Position-based access
- Role-based access

The definition how you want to use Business Roles depends entirely on your requirements within your organization.

Also, role/access bundles that should be granted to all users (e.g., timesheet entry) can be gathered in Business Roles.

Functionality Around Business Roles

Business Roles can be used/analyzed with the following modules in IAG:

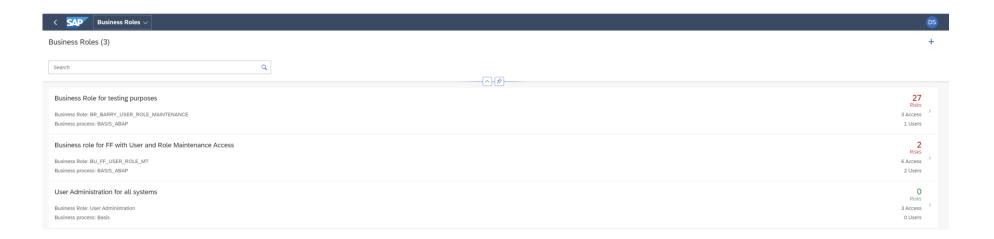
- Access Analysis
- Privilege Access Management
- Access Request

Functionality Around Business Roles – Access Analysis

Access Analysis is not only carried out on the access/roles from the backend system, but also on Business Role Level.

So, an analysis can be carried out not only on single roles but on a combination of roles/access given to end-users.

This prevents surprises when requesting/assigning a bundle of access to users.

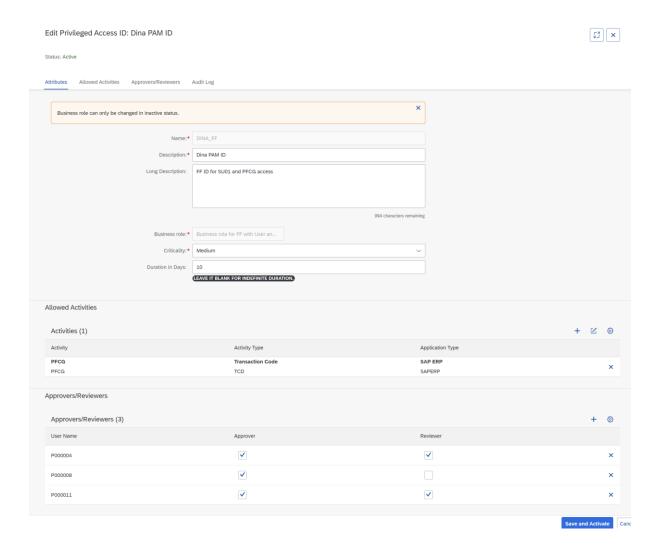


Functionality Around Business Roles – Privilege Access Management

Only Business Roles can be assigned to PAM Users.

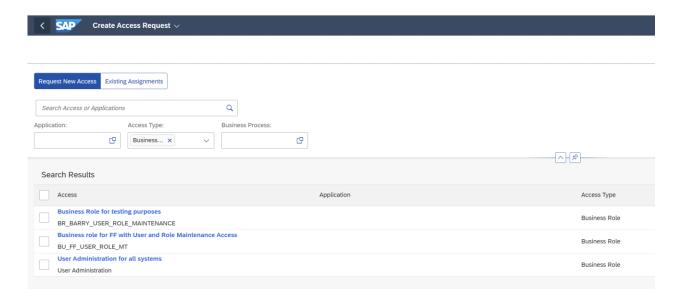
This reduces the number of PAM users to be set up tremendously.

For system opening and closing, you will need to set up only 1 PAM user with the Business Role that contains the system opening/closing access for all systems required.



Functionality Around Business Roles – Access Request

When creating an Access Request, you can select Business Roles instead of having to select multiple roles/access across multiple systems.



Technical Setup of a Business Role

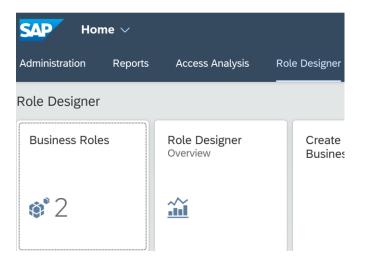
You can either set up Business Roles manually or via utilizing the Role Mining capabilities.

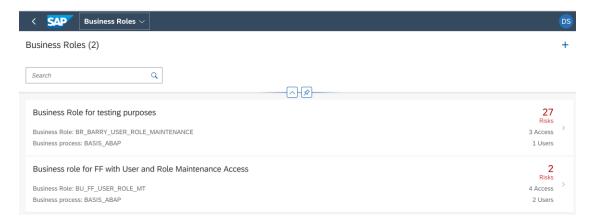
On the next slides, we will cover the manual setup of Business Roles.



Click on "Business Roles" in section "Role Designer."

Either select the Business Role you want to change or "+" to add a new Business Role.

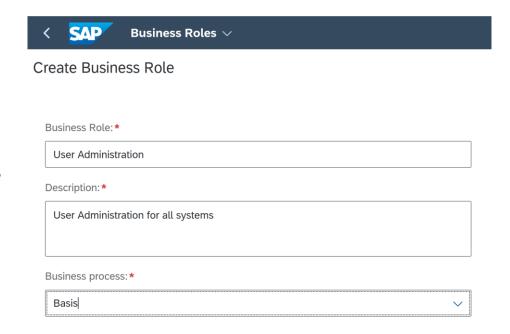




Business Role Name:

The definition of the role name is very critical. Instead of using technical names as done in the back-end systems, it is essential that NON-technical names are used here. Please note that the end-users will in the end be the ones selecting the roles. They need to understand the name of the role, it therefore must reflect the language used in your company.

Technically the name can contain Numbers, Letters, spaces, and underscores



The Description should also contain Business Language. Both Role Name and Description are searched when requesting a role.

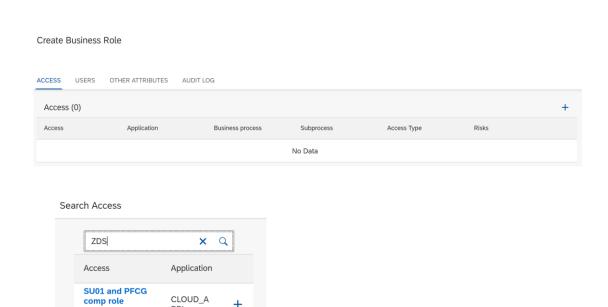
The assignment of the Business role to the right Business Process eases searching for the right role.

Access:

In this step, you will select the role /access required for this Business role.

Click on "+" to select the roles / access

Search for the roles/access you want to include in the business role and select by clicking on "+"



ZDS_SU01_PFCG
SU01 and PFCG
comp role

ZDS_SU01_PFCG

ZDS_SU01

ZDS_SU01

SPRO AC Auth

ZDS_SPRO_ADMIN

ZDS SPRO ADMIN

GRPCLNT1

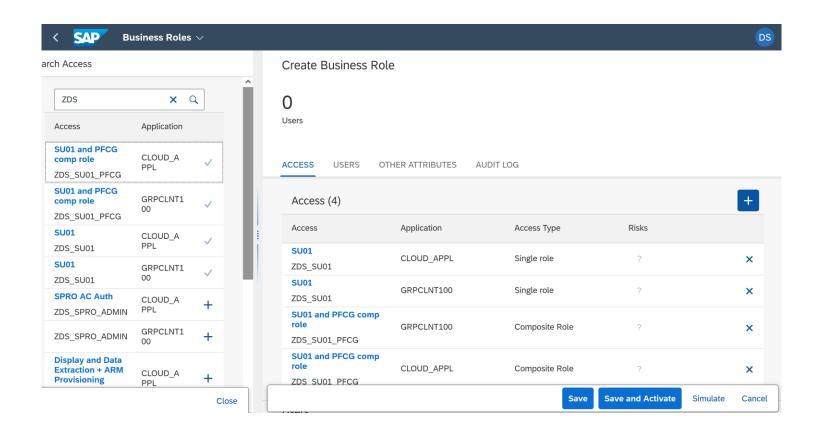
CLOUD A

GRPCLNT1

CLOUD A

GRPCLNT1

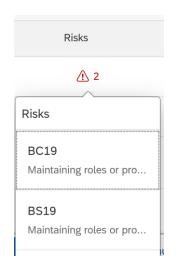
Once you are done with your selection, you can click on "Simulate."

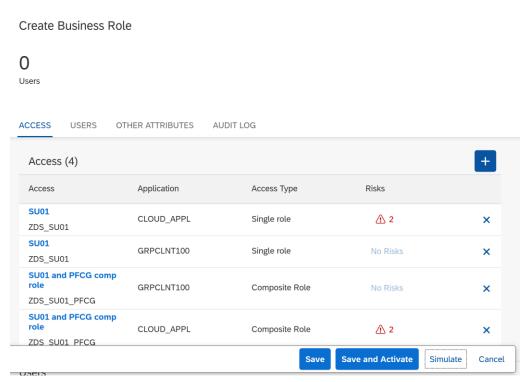


Once you are done with your selection, you can click on "Simulate."

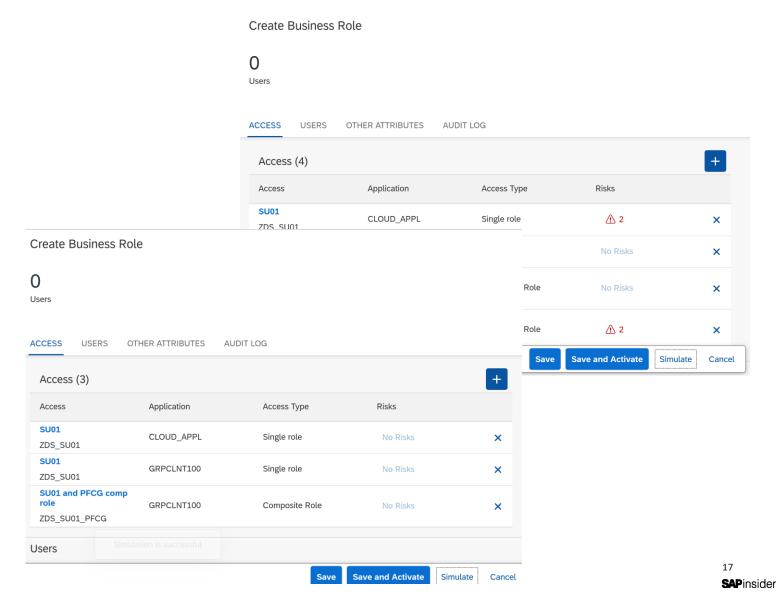
The Risks will be displayed in Red. Click on a Risk to see more details.

When you are not sure about the risk, Click on "Save" and discuss the risks with the responsible person from Business.





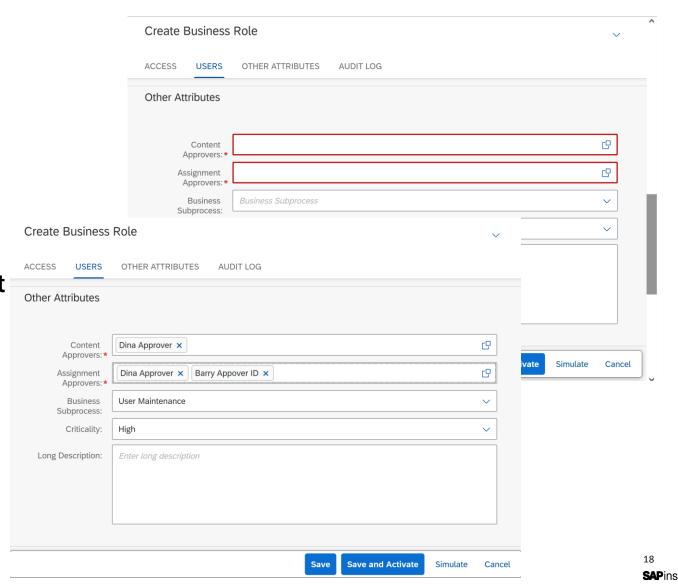
You can remove roles that cause risks by clicking on "X" and run the Simulation again.



Please define the:

- Content Approver(s): People responsible for the content of the Business Role and Approvers in case the access of a Business role is changed.
- Assignment Approver(s): People responsible for approving the assignment of the Business Role to users (in Access Request workflows).

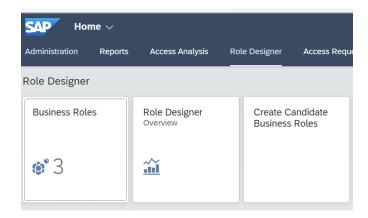
Click on "Save" or "Save and Activate" when you want to make this Business Role visible in Access Request.

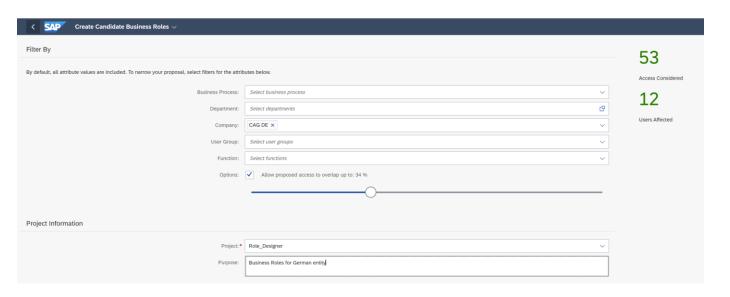


Role Mining: How Does It Work?

In order to start the Role Mining, you can choose filters to analyze only certain

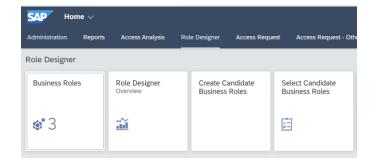
- Users, by restricting
 - Department
 - Company
 - User Group
- Roles, by restricting
 - Business Process
 - Function

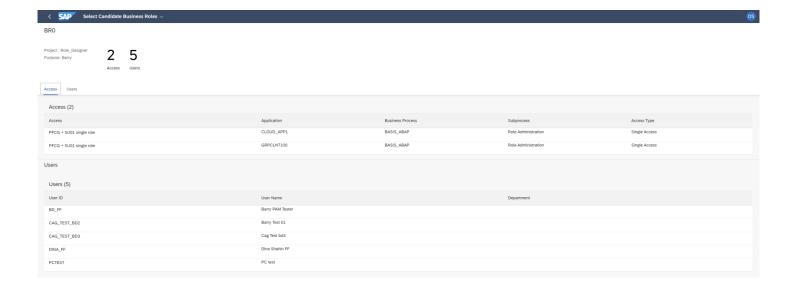




Depending on the restrictions done, IAG will determine the users and their role assignment and set up a candidate Business Role.

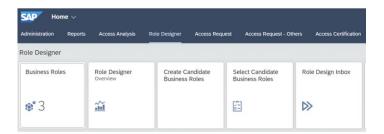
The roles can then be displayed in "Select Candidate Business Roles" and submitted to go through the Workflow.

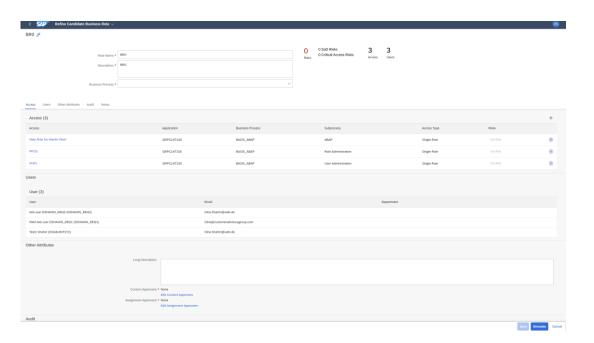




The Workflow Covers 3 Stages:

- Refine: Here the Business Role Name is defined, roles are checked, and the approvers are defined. Once that is done, a Simulation checks for SoD issues in the role and the role can be saved.
- Activate: Once you are satisfied with your entries, activate the Business Role. The Candidate Business Role is then converted to a Business Role.
- Reconcile: The Business Role is reconciled.

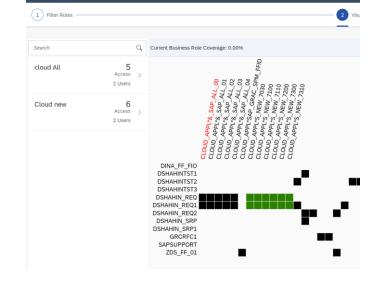




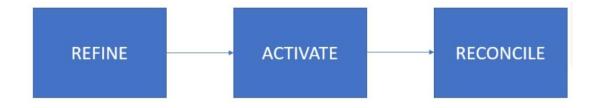
Once you are done, save your changes and proceed by clicking the Next button.



Once that is done, the changes go through a workflow with following actions:



Candidate Business Role Simulator



Whenever implementing Business Roles/Grouping Access in Roles, you will want to make sure that:

- The roles/access in the role are complete and correct
- Do not contain access that causes unwanted SoD issues
- Role Name reflects the purpose of the role in Business Language
- Description of the role is written in Business Language as well
- Correct Role Content and Assignment Approvers are assigned

Before starting to implement a Business Role Concept, an assessment has to be carried out regarding which Role/Access bundles to convert to Business Roles

Both the Security Team(s) as well as Business need to be involved in that step.

- Business can point out larger departments/entities where people have the same access or require the same access.
- Security Teams can analyze huge clusters of the same Access given to bigger groups of users.

Why is this step required?

In a Proof of Concept, you can cover smaller groups of people to verify that that the Business Role Concept works.

However, when you want to implement Business Roles, it makes sense to start with Business Roles that affect bigger entities of your company.

Discuss the strategy you want to use when collecting the Role/Access Data for Business Roles.

Depending on your systems and data, the strategy to implement Business Roles can differ.

- Manual Role Implementation
 - Must be used when no user data is in place (e.g., a new system is being introduced in your company)
 - Must be used when old systems are replaced by new systems
- Role Mining
 - Can be used when user access data is in place

Collection of Data

Manual Role Implementation

- Both Business and Security Teams are involved in this step.
- Business must provide the information which access must go into a Business Role.
- Security has to translate the information into roles/access.

Role Mining

- Both Business and Security Teams are involved in this step.
- Security will provide the Candidate Business Roles based on the approach agreed on before.
- Business has to check whether the access is correct and complete and report missing access.

Implementation of Business Roles

Manual Role Implementation

- IAG Security Team is involved in this step.
- The team must set up the new Business Roles, run a risk analysis and discuss the outcome with Business.

Role Mining

 The Implementation of the Business Roles is covered in the Workflow and is therefore finished once the Business Roles are activated and reconciled.

Whenever implementing Business Roles/Grouping Access in Roles, you will want to make sure that:

- The roles/access in the role are complete and correct
- Does not contain access that causes unwanted SoD issues
- Role Name reflects the purpose of the role in Business Language
- Description of the role is written in Business Language as well
- Correct Role Content and Assignment Approvers are assigned

As you can easily see setting up Business Roles requires a lot of work and participation of the Security Team(s) and Business:

Pros:

- The work effort can pay off when you select Business Roles/Role Groupings that will be assigned to larger groups of people.
- The work effort can pay off when you create Business Roles/Role Groupings for positions/jobs that require complex access to multiple systems.
- Cleaning up of users that have accumulated too much access over the years.
- Ongoing Administration: Changes of access can be provisioned/de-provisioned centrally via a Business Role change.

As you can easily see setting up Business Roles requires a lot of work and participation of the Security Team(s) and Business.

Cons:

- Too much effort for smaller companies/departments/entities
- Technical Challenges: Switching to Business Roles requires more work at the beginning for the Security Team when creating users (e.g., give the user the same access as person XYZ)
- End-User Impact: Training of Business Users about what roles to select when requesting access.

Pros and Cons:

- Technical Challenges: Cleaning up of roles/access with SoD issues
- Technical Challenges: Cleaning up of roles/access with unwanted critical access
- Technical Challenges: Business needs to learn what access roles/access contains
- Technical Challenges: Business Roles need to be updated when new systems are set live and old systems are de-provisioned.

Wrap Up

There is no one answer on whether to implement Business Roles or not. The decision can depend on the size of your end-users in different departments/entities and the complexity of your system landscape.

Implementing Business Roles for your company does not mean that you have to cover each and every case with Business Roles.

When implementing Business Roles, the strategy is very important. Invest much time into finding the right strategy to reduce your investment in effort and manpower.

Key Points to Take Home

- Define your approach before starting the implementation Business Roles
- Review your Role concept before starting the usage of Business Roles
- Analyze (SOD) your Roles before starting implementing Business Roles
- Consider the number of Business Roles that end-users have to request in order to be able to do their job
- Keep all roles clean and tidy, but especially the Business Roles to avoid
- Duplicate entries
- Confusion about role content
- Overflow of user master records regarding role assignment



Thank You! Any Questions?

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Please remember to complete your session evaluation.

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